POWER, PRIVILEGE & OPPRESSION SW B 595 – SUMMER 2022 ALL SECTIONS

INSTRUCTOR:

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COURSE DESCRIPTION

"Power, Privilege & Oppression" is a required foundational course for all MSS students and is intended to help students develop awareness of structures of inequality, systemic oppression, and individual privilege as they relate to social work service delivery.

Power, Privilege & Oppression asks students to reflect on relevant issues in social work and social service history, as well as in the present. Students will be asked to analyze agency experience related to power and social identity and encouraged to reflect on their own experiences of intersectional social identities in interaction with others and in context.

This course draws from theoretical models of critical race theory as well as social identity formation and development. Materials for this course are drawn from various disciplines including social work, psychology, sociology, anthropology, education, history, and gender studies. The course is divided into four modules: American Racism & White Supremacy, Systemic Oppression, <a href="Intersectionality & Social Intersectionality & Social Intersectionality & Social Intersectionality & Intersectionali

Students reflect on events, professional and scholarly journals in their discussions and written assignments. Documentaries and film clips are used in classroom instruction and student assignments to further integrate learning and highlight topics. Students acquire knowledge from class readings, film and video screenings, class discussion, written assignments and small group and dyad work to develop a foundational understanding of structural inequality and a beginning framework for culturally informed, anti-oppressive social work practice. The working assumption of this course is that developing skills of anti-oppressive social work practice is an ongoing, lifelong process, fundamental to our profession.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The objectives of this course are directly related the school's mission, professional competencies outlined by the Council on Social Work Education (CSWE), and the National Association of Social Work's Code of Ethics (NASW, 2017). The CSWE has developed Educational Policy and Accreditation Standards (EPAS) for the MSS degree (see https://www.cswe.org/Accreditation/Standards-and-Policies/2015-EPAS). These standards reflect a competency-based approach to education. These core competencies are reflected in the following knowledge, values, skills and behaviors for practice (Note: an outline of CSWE Competencies and Practice Behaviors in regard to course content is at the end of this syllabus). They reflect a commitment to social justice as it applies to all human beings and the charge of social workers to engage with marginalized and oppressed populations. By increasing their awareness of systemic oppression and White supremacy, as well as an understanding of implicit bias inherent in all of us, students are better equipped to draw from a variety of theories in their assessment of and work with clients with shared and different social identities, in various social service and mental healthcare systems. Student assignments and class discussion are designed to support the course objectives and consequently the goals of the GSSWSR MSS program.

All students are expected to demonstrate through assignments and class discussions their ability to:

Knowledge and Values:

- 1. Appreciate the economic, social, political and cultural forces (e.g., slavery, colonialism, imperialism and genocide) which have historically generated oppression in the United States and internationally.
- 2. Understand institutional and personal systems of racial, ethnic, class, ability, sexist, ois-sexist, and heterosexist power and privilege.
- 3. Understand theories related to social identity development.
- 4. Understand the intersectionality of race, class, gender identity and expression, and sexual orientation and their impact on social work theory, policy and practice.
- 5. Understand migration-related issues, acculturation and stressors for immigrant, refugee and asylee newcomers to the United States.
- 6. Understand the dynamics inherent in helping relationships when the practitioner is White as well as when the practitioner is a person of Color.
- 7. Recognize the nature and function of racism and intersectional bias and oppression, stereotypes, privilege, and discrimination in intra-group and inter-group relations.

Skills and Behaviors:

- 8. Assess dynamics of communication in the context of power, privilege, and oppression, with colleagues and clients with shared and different social identities.
- 9. Assess the impact of oppression and the stresses of xenophobia, acculturation, assimilation, and migration on marginalized, immigrant and refugee populations.
- 10. Assess the strengths, resources, and problem-solving capacities of individuals, families, and communities historically and presently contending with structural and institutional oppression in the United States.
- 11. Identify their own values, beliefs, and assumptions derived from their own cultural, ethnic, class, gender, sexual identity, and ability backgrounds and how these may impact on their perceptions of and work with others.
- 12. Identify a foundation for ongoing development of reflexivity in clinical practice.
- 13. Apply an anti-oppression framework to social work practice, policy analysis, and research with individuals, families, groups, communities, and organizations.

CLASS POLICIES

Attendance

Students are expected to attend all class sessions and submit written assignments on time. <u>The instructor should be notified, in advance, if the student expects to miss a class meeting or assignment due date.</u> If a student has three absences, the instructor will report this to the student's advisor and to the Dean's Office. Three or more absences automatically result in the student coming before the *Committee for Academic Progress and Support (CAPS)*. The method used to monitor students' attendance in class will be noted by each instructor.

Class Participation

Cell phones and other electronic devices must be silenced during class sessions. Class discussion is a very important part of the learning process. Students work in small groups, dyads, as well as in the larger group and online forums for discussions. Due to the nature of the topics covered in this course, discussions will likely touch on sensitive issues for everyone at some point. While none of us should expect to be comfortable with everything that is said in class, the instructor's aim is to create an intentionally inclusive, productive, and highly thoughtful classroom environment, where students and the instructor can engage even when there is difficulty and discomfort. It is the mutual responsibility of the instructor and students in the class to raise and discuss concerns when they arise in our class.

Using Community-Affirmed and Affirming Language

Code 1.12 of the NASW (2017) *Code the Ethics* states that "Social workers should use accurate and respectful language in all communications to and about clients." Code 2.01 also stipulates that social workers should treat colleagues with respect and communicate with and about them with accuracy. With reference to people in marginalized or under-represented groups, "respectful language" means using language generally affirmed by people in that group. Note that whether language is affirming can depend in part on the context of the exchange and the positionalities of the person using the language. Community-affirmed language can also change rapidly.

Reading Assignments¹

Students are expected to complete assigned readings <u>in advance</u> of class meetings to be prepared for class discussion. The expectation for a graduate-level course is **up to 2 hours** of reading/class preparation for **each class hour**. In this case, <u>you are expected to spend 3 to 4 hours of preparation time for each class</u>. If you are having difficulty meeting this expectation and/or difficulty keeping up with the readings, please discuss this with your instructor. All readings are posted on Moodle or are contained in the required textbook.

Written Assignments

All written **work must be submitted on time** and uploaded to Moodle unless otherwise specified by the individual course instructor. Students are expected to use American Psychological Association (APA) style for referencing sources and citations within text. Please consult the Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association, 5th edition or online at: http://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/560/01/

Plagiarism:

It is assumed that all written work will be completed independently, unless otherwise specified. Indication that the student's work has not been completed independently will result in referral to the Committee for Academic Progress and Support (CAPS). Each student should become familiar with the College's guidelines on plagiarism (see student handbook) and with the National Association of Social

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¹ Readings are selected to enhance application of "critical thinking to engage in analysis of quantitative and qualitative research methods and research findings" as outlined by <u>EPAS Competency 4.</u>

Work Code of Ethics. The Code of Ethics is available on line at http://www.naswdc.org/code.htm.

Grades

Grades for this course are "Satisfactory" (S), Satisfactory minus (S-) and "Unsatisfactory" in accordance with School policy. To achieve the intended outcomes for the course, the student must complete all work with an evaluation of Satisfactory. Late submission of assignments must be negotiated in advance with the instructor. The rubrics for grading assignments are below. Students who experience extenuating circumstances preventing them from completing course assignments, should speak to the instructor as soon as possible to discuss their individual situation

Course Completion Requirements

Students may not proceed to the next semester until all work from the previous semester is complete or until a grade of Permanent Incomplete or Unsatisfactory is issued.

Accommodations

Students, who for any reason, believe that they may need accommodations in this course are encouraged to contact the Bryn Mawr College Coordinator of Access Services, at 610-526-7351 in Eugenia Chase Guild Hall, Room 103, to discuss their eligibility for accommodations. Early contact will help avoid unnecessary inconvenience and delays.

ASSIGNMENTS

All written assignments should be submitted in Word format, using APA formatting style, 12 pt. font, double spaced with 1-inch margins. Unless otherwise stated by your instructor, all assignments should be loaded to your Moodle shell in the assigned class.

Reflective Writing #1	15 Points
Institutional Racism & Oppression Paper	20 Points
Reflective Writing #2	15 Points
Assessment of Power, Privilege & Oppression Paper based on film: Pariah	35 Points
Class Participation	15 Points
Total Points	100 84+ is a Satisfactory grade (S) 75-84 is a Marginal Satisfactory grade (S-) Under 75 Points is an Unsatisfactory grade (U)

The Class Participation Rubric is based on the GSSWSR's Standards of Professional Behavior (as outlined in the student handbook;

https://www.brynmawr.edu/sites/default/files/GSSWSR_Catalog_Web.pdf

13-15 Points	Fully prepared, attentive, always follows class guidelines, asks questions & makes comments in lar or small group discussions; encourages & respects peers.	
8-12 Points	Usually Prepared, attentive, generally follows class guidelines, participates in asking questions and making comments regularly in large or small group discussions, encourages and respects peers regularly.	

5-8	Preparation for class varies, generally follows class guidelines, and doesn't participate regularly by asking questions or making comments regularly, inconsistency with encouraging and respecting peers.	
4 or less	Generally unprepared for class, doesn't participate consistently, or is disruptive or insensitive to others.	

Reflective Writings (1-2 pages)

There will be reflective writings to help you process your thoughts and feelings in this class. Two will be submitted to the instructor as homework and some may be in-class reflections which will not be collected. You are expected to discuss some aspect of your reflection with your class partner. Please do not email them your assignment, this should be a mindful discussion during which you will practice sustained, listening and reflecting. The listener may ask for clarification, but the purpose of sharing is not for a critique or feedback, but rather to learn about another person's point of view. In each of these reflections, and elsewhere, please only share/discuss identities and dynamics you feel comfortable sharing at the time of writing – you may find you feel comfortable sharing week to week. Instructor feedback on reflections will be minimal as these are your personal thoughts.

I. Reflective Writing # 1 - Due before class 3

In your reflection, please address the questions below from the point of view of the intersection of your social identities (including race) (e.g., as a White cisgender man). Please include reactions to one assigned reading. After you have written & submitted your reflection, please schedule a time to discuss some aspects of your reflection with your class partner.

- 1. What impacted you the most from class 1-2 (discussion, reading, film)? Why?
- 2. What types of institutional racism have you observed or experienced (in your agency, at school or other institutions)?
- 3. Who is/was affected by institutional racism you observed? If it was you, who else was impacted?

II. <u>Institutional Racism and Oppression Paper – Due Class 4</u>

(5-8 pages, 12 pt. font, double spaced)

Reflecting on readings and class discussions on institutional racism and oppression from the term so far, consider an agency or institution with which you are familiar. For example, you might choose your field placement, a previous place of employment oriented to social services or education, or Bryn Mawr College. Identify one or two aspects of institutional racism or systemic oppression that are perpetuated in this system (Use Miller's Web of Institutional Racism in chapter 4) and how you are observing them. Discuss the effects of the institutional racism and/or oppression you have identified on the organization, its staff/employees, or the population the agency or institution serves.

Comment on the following:

- Which members of this institution are affected?
- And what is the impact of this systemic oppression on them?
- What is the historical or political context?
- Have there been any attempt to acknowledge or address this issue?

- Has there been any progress? If so, describe. If not, what progress do you think there needs to be? How do you think this institutional racism or oppression might begin to be ameliorated?
- If you are involved with this system, what role do you play?
- Include any aspects of Critical Race Theory which may be relevant to your discussion.

III. Reflective Writing # 2 – Due before class 6

In your reflection, please address the questions below from the point of view of the intersection of your social identities (including race) (e.g. as an African American and Native American woman...). Please include reactions to at least one assigned reading. After you have written your reflection, please schedule a time to discuss some aspects of your reflection with your class partner.

- 1. What impacted you the most from classes 4-5? Why?
- 2. What issues would you anticipate a family or individual might need to address, if they had recently migrated to the US? What social services might be useful?
- 3. What have you learned about yourself in reflecting on different types of oppression described in readings from classes 4-6?

IV. Option 1 - Assessment of Power Privilege & Oppression in the film Pariah

(5-6 pages, double-spaced and reference at least two sources from our class readings)

Due by 11:55 pm Class # 9

Please begin by watching Dee Rees's (2011) film, *Pariah*. The link to stream the film via the Bryn Mawr College library is on Moodle. As you watch, please focus particular attention to either the main character, **Alike**, or her mother, **Audrey**.

Write a well-organized paper identifying the strengths and presenting problems of either character (Alike or Audrey) at micro and macro level perspectives. Include the following in your paper:

- Identify the psychological and social factors for the character chosen, in interaction with the systems she engages with (school, work, community) and larger historical, political, and policy questions that impact their experiences.
- Discuss the impact of institutional and structural power and oppression and how you would explore this with Alike or Audrey?
- Identify a theory or approach you might use to engage and assess either character and the systems impacting them.
- Discuss how your own social identities might be relevant in the work.

Please engage in substantive discussion with **at least two readings** from the syllabus. Readings do not need to pertain directly to the topical issues at stake for Alike or Audrey, but please choose readings that help to deepen your assessment and discussion. Please use headings to clearly organize your paper.

Or

Option 2 - 20 min. Oral presentation of the film Pariah or a Current Event

<u>Students selecting this option for their final must Inform the instructor by class 7.</u> The instructor will schedule a mutually convenient time slot for your presentation to take place via Zoom or another video conferencing platform prior to the last class.

Use a minimum of two references from class readings. You may also use sources from news sources from government websites, etc. Consider using a lens of **critical race theory and/or cultural humility** to frame part of your discussion.

You may use a written outline or Power Point presentation to organize your discussion. Please share this outline, including references prior to your scheduled presentation appointment.

Topics (choose 1):

A. The Film Pariah: Discuss the film following the guidelines outlined above in Option 1.

B. Current Event:

- Choose a current event impacting a large segment of the population (ex. COVID-19, Detained refugee families, Incarcerated youth in PA, etc.)
- Identify some of the systemic disparities related to the topic you chose.
- What systems of power are involved?
- Who is affected and how might this relate to their social identities?
- What is the individual and societal cost?
- What protective factors exist at a micro and/or macro level?

The goal of this final assignment is to deepen the student's ability to reflect on interrelated dynamics of power and oppression at micro, and macro levels, and to assess the intersection of different social identities for the client system and social worker. Social workers must be able to consider the ways that micro and macro-level interactions are structured by historical, political, and policy level forces, such as racism, misogyny, cisgenderism, and homophobia and to analyze the ways these dynamics of power, privilege and oppression can be mutually reinforcing.

COURSE OUTLINE & ASSIGNED READINGS

* * * The CSWE EPAS core competencies and related practice behaviors targeted for each week of the course, including a reiteration of those for the assignments, are in the appendix, following this course outline. ***

Required text (students must purchase):

Miller, J., Garran, A.M. (2017). *Racism in the United States: Implications for the helping professions, 2nd Edition*. Springer Publishing Company, New York.

All other required readings are posted on Moodle.

Recommended:

DiAngelo, R. J. (2018) White Fragility: Why It's so Hard for White People to Talk About Racism. Boston, MA: Beacon Press. Available online through BMC Tripod system.

Gainsburg, J. (2020) The Savvy Ally: A Guide for Becoming a Skilled LGBTQ+ Advocate. Lanham, MD., Rowman & Littlefield. Available at BMC Canaday Library, Quita's Corner (Floor 1) HQ73.3.U6 G35 2020.

Films: The films listed will be shown in class or assigned to view beforehand. At times, only part

of the film will be shown to allow time to process information in class. With the exception of 13^{th,} (available on Netflix only) all other films are ion Moodle.

MODULE I – AMERICAN RACISM & WHITE SUPREMACY

Class 1: -- Introduction to the Course: Key Concepts

- 1. Introductions
- 2. Relationship building engaging in challenging discussions.
- 3. Establish class rules, boundaries, communication skills, safety, etc.
- 4. Systems of Power and Inequality
- 5. In-class exercise dyad work
- 6. Course requirements and expectations.
- Andersen, M.L. & Collins, P.H. (2007) Systems of power and inequality. In M.L. Anderson & P.H. Collins (Eds.) Race, class and gender: An anthology (p. 61-90). Belmont, CA. Wadsworth
- Lee, M.W. (2011). The Art of mindful inquiry. In: Lee Mun Wah's Let's get real: What people of color can't say, and whites won't ask about racism (p.3-8). Berkeley, C.A.: StirFry Seminars & Consulting.
- Miller, J., Garran, A.M. (2017). Chapter 1: Social identity and situating ourselves. In: Racism in the United States: Implications for the helping professions, 2nd Ed., (pp 1-12). New York, NY: Springer Publishing Company, LLC.
- Redmond, M. (2010). Safe space oddity: Revisiting Critical Pedagogy. Journal of Teaching in Social Work. 30 (1), 1-14.

Class 2: -- Historical Context of Racism in the United States

- 1. NASW Standards & Indicators of Cultural Competence
- 2. Definition of terms: Racism, white supremacy, prejudice/bias
- 3. White Supremacy
- 4. Institutional Racism
- 5. Systems of Inequality
- 6. Mechanisms of oppression and discrimination
- 7. In-class dyad or small group discussion following film
- Fisher-Borne, M. Montana Cain, J. & Martin, S. L. (2015) From mastery to accountability: Cultural Humility as an alternative to Cultural Competence, Social Work Education, 34 (2) 165-181.
- Miller, J., Garran, A.M. (2017). Chapter 3: A brief history of racism in the United States & implications for the helping professions. In: Racism in the United States: Implications for the helping professions, 2nd Ed, (p 40-71). New York, NY: Springer Publishing Company, LLC.
- Miller, J., Garran, A.M. (2017). Chapter 4: The web of institutional racism. In: Racism in the United States: Implications for the helping professions, 2nd Ed, (p 73-115). New York, NY: Springer Publishing Company, LLC.

- Okun, T. (2021) White Supremacy Culture Characteristics Update of original 1999 article. Available at: https://www.whitesupremacyculture.info/characteristics.html
- NASW (2015) Standards and indicators for cultural competence in Social Work practice, National Association of Social Workers, Washington, D.C.
- Ortiz, L. & Jani, J. (2010). Critical race theory: A transformational model for teaching diversity, Journal of Social Work Education, 46:2, 175-193

In Class Film: 13th (2016) 1 hr. 40 min. – Netflix – View 1st half (up to 50 min)

Filmmaker Ava DuVernay explores the history of racial inequality in the United States, focusing on the fact that the nation's prisons are disproportionately filled with African Americans.

Optional Film (view at home via Moodle) "**Ethnic Notions**" Dir. By Marlon Riggs, San Francisco, CA, 1987. Marlon Riggs's groundbreaking study dissects a disturbing underside of American popular culture by revealing the deep-rooted stereotypes that have fueled prejudice against blacks

MODULE 2 - SYSTEMIC OPPRESSION

Class 3: -- Migration Immigration

- 1. Immigration status.
- 2. Assimilation and acculturation
- 3. Impact of immigration on social service delivery and policies
- 4. Mental Health and Health Issues Dyad or small group discussion of film
- Ayón, C. & Philbin, S.P. (2017). "Tú No Eres de Aquí": Latino children's experiences of institutional and interpersonal discrimination, and microaggressions. Social Work Research, 41(1), 19-30.
- Cleveland, C. (2017). How the Immigration and Deportation Systems Work: Social Worker's Guide, Journal of Sociology and Social Welfare, Sep 2017, Vol.44(3), 55-73.
- Robinson, Lena et al. "Muslim Youth in Britain: Acculturation, Radicalization, and Implications for Social Work Practice/training." *Journal of Religion & Spirituality in Social Work: Social Thought* 36.1-2 (2017): 266–289.
- Siemons, R. et al (2017). Coming of Age on the Margins: Mental health and wellbeing among Latino immigrant young adults eligible for action for childhood arrivals (DACA. Journal of Immigrant and Minority health, 2017, 19, (3) p. 543-551

Class 4: Ability Based Oppression

Assignment #2 - Institutional Racism Paper due by 11:55 pm

- 1. Ableness in context and culture
- 2. Intersection of Ability and Immigration status
- 3. Aging and ageism
- 4. In class reflection (free writing) on film, readings or class discussion

- Azulai, A, (2014). "Ageism and Future Cohorts of Elderly: Implications for Social Work." Journal of Social Work Values and Ethics, 11, (2), 2-12.
- Balcazar, F. E., Suarez-Balcazar, Y. et al (2012), A case study of liberation among Latino immigrant families who have children with disabilities. American Journal of Community Psychology, 49 (1-2), 283-293.
- El-Lahib, Y. (2016). Theoretical dimensions for interrogating the intersection of disability, immigration and social work. International Social Work, 60, (3), p. 640-63, June 28, 2016.
- Leigh, I.W., Morere, D.A. et al (2014). Deaf Gain: Beyond deaf culture. In H.L. Bauman and J.J. Murray (Eds) Deaf Gain: Raising the stakes for human diversity. P. 356-371. Minneapollis: University of Minnesota Press.

Recommended:

Calderón-Almendros, I & Calderón-Almendros, R. (2016) 'I open the coffin and here I am': disability as oppression and education as liberation in the construction of personal identity, Disability & Society, 31:1, 100-115.

In Class Film: Examined Life - Judith Butler & Sunaura Taylor (14:23 min)
Judith Butler and Sunaura Taylor went for a walk and engaged in a terrific conversation about disability as not merely some physical status but largely a social status, and that is also true for so called "ablebodied" person. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=k0HZaPkF6q

Class 5: Sexual Orientation, Gender Identity, and Expression

- 1. Homophobia, Transphobia
- 2. Cisgender Privilege
- 3. Gender Fluidity and the use of pronouns
- 4. Intersectional Identities
- 5. In class small group or dyad discussion of film.
- Bennett, J. (2016). She? Ze? They? What's in a Gender Pronoun? New York Times, Jan 30, 2016 https://www.nytimes.com/2016/01/31/fashion/pronoun-confusion-sexual-fluidity.html
- Caraves, J. (2018) Straddling the school-to-prison pipeline and gender non-conforming microaggressions as a Latina lesbian, Journal of LGBT Youth, 15:1, 52-69.
- Lorde, A. (2007). Age, race, class & sex: Women redefining differences. In In M.L. Andersen & P.H. Collins (Eds.) Race, class and gender: An anthology (pp.52-60). Belmont, CA. Wadsworth
- Vider S. & Byers, D.S. (2015). Queer homeless youth, queer activism in transition. Slate. Retrieved from:
 - http://ww.slate.com/blogs/outward2015/12/10/queer_homeless__youth_need_lbgtq_activists_to_fight_for_them.html#comments

In Class Film: How to Make a Rainbow, Dir. By Ryan Maxey. https://vimeo.com/blog/post/staff-pick-premiere-how-to-make-a-rainbow/

MODULE 3 – SOCIAL IDENTITY DEVELOPMENT & INTERSECTIONALITY

Class 6: Social Identity Development

Assignment III - Reflection # 2 due by 11:55pm

- 1. Critical examination of models of racial identity development.
- 2. Intersection of multiple social identities
- 3. Large group discussion of film
- Miller, J., Garran, A.M. (2017). Chapter 6: Social identity formation and group membership. In: Racism in the United States: Implications for the helping professions, (pp. 139-169). New York, NY: Springer Publishing Company, LLC.
- Tatum, B.D. (2017) Identity development in adolescence In: Beverly Daniel Tatum's: Why are all the Black kids sitting together in the cafeteria and other conversations about race. Chap. 4, p 131-164. New York: Basic Books.
- Tatum, B.D. (2017). The development of White identity. In: Beverly Daniel Tatum's: Why are all the Black kids sitting together in the cafeteria and other conversations about race. Chap. 6, p 185-208. New York: Basic Books.

In Class Film: Is My Skin Brown Because I Drank Chocolate Milk? | Beverly Daniel Tatum | TEDxStanford, 24 min. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=l TFaS3KW6s

Class 7: White Privilege, White Fragility & Internalized Oppression

- 1. Privileges: Race, class, economic, ability...
- 2. Impact and consequences of internalized oppression
- 3. Individual and family experiences with multiple social identities
- 4. In-class large group exercise reading P. McIntosh (instructors see Moodle)
- 5. In-class small group exercise using The Whiteness Project (see below**)
- 6. Discussion of the Loving Project in small groups or dyads
- Alvarez, J. (2007). A White woman of color. In: M. L. & P. H. Collins (Eds.), *Race, class, and gender: An anthology (pp.166-171)*. Belmont, CA: Wadsworth.
- Applebaum, B. (2017). Comforting discomfort as complicity: White fragility and the pursuit of invulnerability. Hypatia, 32 (4), p. 862-875.
- DiAngelo, R. (2012). Nothing to add: A challenge to white silence in racial discussions. Understanding and *Dismantling Privilege*, 2 (1), 1-17, February 2012.
- Liebow, N. (2016). Internalized oppression and its varied moral harms: Self-perceptions of reduced agency and criminality. *Hypatia* 31(4) 713-729.

McIntosh, P. (2007). White privilege: Unpacking the invisible knapsack. PDF downloaded 08/17/09 with permission of author per her campus visit in 2008.

The Whiteness Project: Whiteness Project is an interactive investigation into how Americans who identify as white, or partially white, understand and experience their race. Whiteness Project's first installment, Inside the White/Caucasian Box, is a collection of 21 interviews filmed in Buffalo, NY in July 2014 and released in October 2014. http://whitenessproject.org/ - Pick one response and use in small group or dyad discussion.

Recommended:

- Tatum, B.D. (2017). Critical issues in Latinx, Native, Asian and Pacific Islander and Middle Eastern/North African identity development. In: B. Daniel Tatum: *Why are all the Black kids sitting together in the cafeteria and other conversations about race.* (Chap. 8, 235-297). New York: Basic Books.
- Miller, J., Garran, A.M. (2017). Chapter 5: Why is it so difficult for people with privilege to see racism? In: Racism in the United States: Implications for the helping professions, (p. 117-137). New York, NY: Springer Publishing Company, LLC.
- **The Whiteness Project: http://www.http://whitenessproject.org/

Class 8: Religious Bias & Intersectional Identities

- 1. Religious vs Ethnic Identities and practices
- 2. Religious stereotypes & oppression
- 3. Interracial Unions
- Afful, S. E.; Wohlford, C.; & Stoelting, S. M. (2015) Beyond "Difference": examining the process and flexibility of racial identity in interracial marriages. *Journal of Social Issues, December 2015, 71(4), 659-674.*
- Al-Krenawi, A., and Eltaiba, N. (2016). The Role of the Mosque and Its Relevance to Social Work. *International Social Work* 59(3), 359–367.
- Brodkin, K. (2006). Not quite White: Gender and Jewish identity. In: *How Jews became White folks & what that says about race in America*. (103-137). New Brunswick, NJ: Rutgers University Press.
- Ching, T. H. W., Lee, S. Y., Chen, J., So, R. P., & Williams, M. T. (2018). A model of intersectional stress and trauma in Asian American sexual and gender minorities. *Psychology of Violence*, *8*(6), 657-668. doi:http://dx.doi.org.proxy.brynmawr.edu/10.1037/vio0000204
- Samari, G. (2016). Islamophobia and public health in the United States, *American Journal of Public Health* 106(11),1920-1925.
- Pamphlet: The past didn't go anywhere: making resistance to antisemitism part of all of our movements.

Recommended

The Loving Project (2017) Podcast Series: Read "About the Loving Project" and listen to at least one podcast episode of your choice). Be prepared to discuss in class. https://lovingproject.com/

Suri, M., and Wu, Huizhong, CNN (2017). Sikhs: Religious minority target of hate crimes https://www.cnn.com/2017/03/06/asia/sikh-hate-crimes-us-muslims/index.html

In class: Excerpts from; "The Way Home" (2010) by Shakti Butler. A collection of stories of women that reveal the far-reaching effects of social oppression, race, gender and class.

MODULE IV - MODES OF RESISTANCE & SOCIAL CHANGE

Class 9: Impact of Social Stratification on Client Systems & Social Work Practice

Final Assignment: Assessment P.P.O. w/ film Pariah due by midnight

- 1. Social justice in health and mental health settings
- 2. Healing from historical trauma
- 3. Microaggressions and bystander responses.
- 4. Small Group discussion of film and large group discussion.
- Byers, D. S. (2016). Recognition of social pain among peers: Rethinking the role of bystanders in bullying and cyberbullying. *Smith College Studies in Social Work, 86(4), 335-354.* http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/00377317.2016.1222771
- Liegghio, M, Caragata, L. (2016). Why are you talking to me like I'm Stupid? Microaggressions committed within the social welfare system. *Afilia: Journal of Women in Social Work.* 31(1) 7-23.
- Thurber, A. & DiAngelo, R. (2018). Microaggressions: Intervening in three acts. *Journal of ethnic & cultural diversity in social work, 27 (1), 17–27.*
- Yellow Horse, M. Brave Heart, Chase, J. et al (2016). Women Finding the Way: American Indian women leading intervention research in native communities. American Indian and Alaska Native Mental Health Research Copyright: Centers for American Indian and Alaska Native Health Colorado School of Public Health/University of Colorado Anschutz Medical Campus, 23(3), 24-47.
- In-class Film: If These Halls Could Talk (2014) Directed by Lee Mun Wah (97 min). Eleven college students of varying ethnicities and races are brought together in a filmed retreat to discuss the dynamics of race and its intersection with other social identities.

Class 10: Towards anti-oppressive social work practice

- 1. Addressing issues of oppression in agency settings
- 2. Social work practice and difference
- 3. Becoming effective allies
- 4. Antiracism strategies
- 5. Application of lessons learned
- 6. Processing Class Experience

Required Reading:

- Ayvazian, A. (2014). Interrupting the cycle of oppression: The role of allies as agents of change. In P. Rothenberg (Ed), Race, class, and gender in the United States (9th ed.), (p 672-678). New York, N.Y. Worth Publishers.
- Miller, J., Garran, A.M. (2017). Chapter 10: Confronting racism in agencies and organizations. In: *Racism in the United States: Implications for the helping professions*, (257-274) New York, NY: Springer Publishing Company, LLC.
- Miller, J., Garran, A.M. (2017). Chapter 11: Cross-racial clinical work. In: *Racism in the United States: Implications for the helping professions*, (p. 275-308) New York, NY: Springer Publishing Company, LLC.
- Yellow Horse Brave Heart, M. & Debruyn, M. (1998). The American Indian holocaust: Healing historical unresolved grief. *American Indian and Alaska Native Mental Health Research*, 8(2), 56. Retrieved from https://proxy.brynmawr.edu/login?url=https://search-proquest-com.proxy.brynmawr.edu/docview/236003962?accountid=9772

Recommended:

- Adames, H.Y., Chvez-Dueñas, N.Y. (2016). Skin color matters in Latino/a communities: Identifying, understanding and addressing Mestizaje racial ideologies in clinical practice, Professional *Psychology, Research and Practice*, 47(1), 46-55.
- Lee, M.W. (2011). The Art of listening: Facilitating a conflict, conversation starters, etc. In: M.W. Lee Let's get real: What people of color can't say and whites won't ask about racism (9-15). Berkeley, C.A.: StirFry Seminars & Consulting.

EPAS 2015 Competency	Course Content: Lecture, Discussion, Reading, Assignments, Films, Experiential Learning	Dimensions: Knowledge (K), Values (V), Skills (S), Cognitive & Affective Processes (C/A)	Location in Syllabus
Demonstrate Ethical & Professional Behavior	Discuss NASW Standards & Indicators for Cultural Competence; Establish professional boundaries in classroom communications. Reading: Fisher-Borne, M. Montana Cain, J. & Martin, S. L. (2015) From mastery to accountability: Cultural Humility as an alternative to Cultural Competence, Social Work Education and Redmond, M. (2010). Safe space oddity: Revisiting Critical Pedagogy. Journal of Teaching in Social Work. 30 (1), 1-14.	K, V, C/A	Module 1
Engage Diversity & Difference in Practice	This entire course engages students around issues of difference as they pertain to individual awareness of biases, systemic oppression, and white supremacy. The modules of this course are American Racism & White Supremacy, Systemic Oppression, Intersectionality and Social Identity Development and Modes of Resistance. Readings are drawn from a variety of sources including the required text: Miller, J., Garran, A.M. (2017). Racism in the United States: Implications for the helping professions, 2nd Edition. Springer Publishing Company, New York and Ortiz, L. & Jani, J. (2010). Critical race theory: A transformational model for teaching diversity, Journal of Social Work Education, 46:2, 175-193 Assignment 1: Reflective Writing #1 Assignment 2: Institutional Racism & Oppression Paper using Miller & Garran's Web of Institutional Racism from text and applying the concepts to an organization.	K, V, S, C/A	Module 1,2,3,4

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3. Advance Human Rights & Social, Economic & Environmental Justice	Students are introduced to systems of inequality and institutional racism and oppression and social identity in weeks 1-3 via discussions, experiential learning in dyad & small group interactions. Film: 13 th and readings such as: Andersen, M.L. & Collins, P.H. (2007) Systems of power and inequality. In M.L. Anderson & P.H. Collins (Eds.) Race, class, and gender: An anthology (p. 61-90). Belmont, CA. Wadsworth and Chung, R C, Bemak, F., et al (2008). Promoting the mental health of immigrants: A multicultural/social justice perspective. <i>The Journal of Counseling and Development</i> , July 1, 2008. Assignment 2: Institutional Racism & Oppression Paper using Miller & Garran's Web of Institutional Racism from text and applying the concepts to an organization. Film: Examined Lie, Judith Butler	K, V, S, C/A	Modules 2 & 4
4. Engage in Practice- informed & Research - Informed Practice	Reading: Yellow Horse, M., Brave Heart, Chase, J. et al. (2016). Women Finding the Way: American Indian women leading intervention research in native communities, American Indian and Alaska Native Mental Health Research Copyright: Centers for American Indian and Alaska Native Health Colorado School of Public Health/University of Colorado Anschutz Medical Campus, 23 (3)24-47. Assignment 4: Final Paper. Requires students to use intext citations from peer reviewed sources from journal articles.	K, V, S, C/A	Module 4
5. Engage in Policy Practice	Through readings, film & discussion students learn about systems of oppression and the implications for social work policies and practices. Some readings include Cleveland, C. (2017). How the Immigration and Deportation Systems Work: Social Worker's Guide,	K, V, S, C/A	Modules 1,2 & 4

rower,	Privilege and Oppress		- rage 17	_
		Journal of Sociology and Social Welfare, Sep 2017, Vol.44(3), 55-73. El-Lahib, Y. (2016). Theoretical dimensions for interrogating the intersection of disability, immigration, and social work. International Social Work, 60, (3), p. 640-63, June 28, 2016. Assignment 4 – requires students to apply micro & macro level concepts in their discussion of the film Pariah.		
•	Engage w/indiv., families, groups, org., &	Assignment 3: Reflective Writing #2 – Describing anticipated issues that an individual or family immigrating to the US might experience as well as identifying appropriate social services.	K, V, S, C/A	Module 2, 4
	communities	Assignment 4: Paper identifying strengths and presenting problems of characters in the film Pariah.		
,	Assess Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations & Communities	Through classroom discussions, & readings, students develop skills of anti-oppressive social work practice with individuals, families, groups, and communities. A sample of readings includes Tatum, B.D. (2017) Identity development in adolescence In: Beverly Daniel Tatum's: Why are all the Black kids sitting together in the cafeteria and other conversations about race. Chap. 4, p 131-164. New York: Basic Books. Afful, S. E., Wohlford, C. & Stoelting, S. M (2015). Beyond "Difference": Examining the Process and Flexibility of Racial Identity in Interracial Marriages Journal of Social Issues, December 2015, 71(4), 659-674.	K, V, S, C/A	Module 4
		Assignment 4: Paper on the assessment of power, privilege and oppression in the film Pariah which asks students to identify the psychological and social factors impacting characters in the film in interaction with systems they engage with.		
_	Intervene w/Indv., families,	Students develop knowledge of intervention strategies appropriate for diverse populations through readings, lectures & discussion. Some readings include: Vider S.	K, V, S, C/A	Module 4

groups, org. & communities	& Byers, D.S. (2015). Queer homeless youth, queer activism in transition. Slate.		
	Assignment 4: Paper on the assessment of power, privilege and oppression in the film Pariah which requires students to apply a theory or approach to engage one of the characters in the film and the systems impacting them.		
9. Evaluate Practice w/Indv, families, groups, orgs & communities	Classroom discussion and readings on immigration, intersectionality, ability status, ageism, white fragility and social identity formation provide students with theoretical and social context from which to evaluate practice behaviors. Sample readings include Alvarez, J. (2007). A White woman of color. In: M. L. & P. H. Collins (Eds.), Race, class, and gender: An anthology (p.166-171). Belmont, CA: Wadsworth.	K, V, S, C/A	Module 4