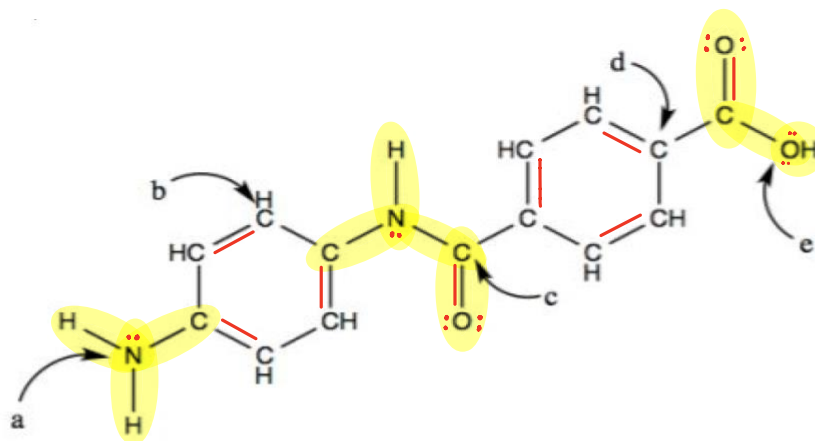


# Answer Key

1.



1a) Complete the structure above by adding bonds and lone pairs. Every atom will have a complete octet and a formal charge of zero. What is the hybridization around the atoms marked a through e?

a:  $sp^3$       b:  $sp^2$       c:  $sp^2$       d:  $sp^2$       e:  $sp^3$

1b) How many  $\sigma$  bonds are in the structure above? How many  $\pi$  bonds?

1c) Circle all of the polar bonds.  $32\sigma, 8\pi$

1d) What are the bond angles at a, b, c, d, and e?

a:  $< 109.5^\circ$       b:  $120^\circ$       c:  $120^\circ$       d:  $120^\circ$       e:  $< 109.5^\circ$

(tetrahedral, trigonal pyramidal)

(trigonal planar x2)

(tetrahedral, bent)

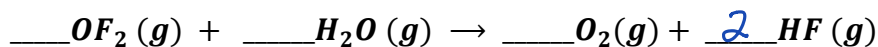
2. Complete the following table:

| Regions of high electron density | Electron Pair Geometry | Hybridization | Angle between electron density region | Total hybrid orbitals | P orbitals left over |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| 2                                | linear                 | $sp$          | $180^\circ$                           | 2 $sp$ orbitals       | 2                    |
| 3                                | trigonal planar        | $sp^2$        | $120^\circ$                           | 3 $sp^2$ orbitals     | 1                    |
| 4                                | tetrahedral            | $sp^3$        | $109.5^\circ$                         | 4 $sp^3$ orbitals     | 0                    |

3. Fill out the following table!

| Name & Lewis Structure                                                                                                                  | 3D Structure                       | Electron Pair Geometry     | Molecular Geometry | Hybridization | Polarity  |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|---------------|-----------|
| <b>Ammonia</b><br>$\text{H}-\ddot{\text{N}}-\text{H}$<br>$\quad  $<br>$\quad \text{H}$                                                  |                                    | tetrahedral                | trigonal pyramidal | $sp^3$        | polar     |
| <b>H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub></b><br>$\text{H}-\ddot{\text{O}}-\ddot{\text{O}}-\text{H}$                                                |                                    | tetrahedral<br>tetrahedral | Bent<br>Bent       | $sp^3, sp^3$  | polar     |
| <b>SF<sub>5</sub><sup>-</sup></b><br>$\begin{array}{c} \text{:F:} \\   \\ \text{:F:}-\text{S}-\text{F:} \\   \\ \text{:F:} \end{array}$ |                                    | octahedral                 | square pyramidal   | $sp^3d^2$     | polar     |
| <b>BH<sub>2</sub><sup>-</sup></b><br>$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 3+2+1=6 \end{array}$<br>$[\text{H}-\ddot{\text{B}}-\text{H}]^-$   |                                    | trigonal planar            | Bent               | $sp^2$        | non polar |
| <b>HCN</b><br>$\text{H}-\text{C}\equiv\text{N:}$                                                                                        | $\text{H}-\text{C}\equiv\text{N:}$ | linear                     | linear             | $sp$          | polar     |

4. Balance the following reaction, then using bond dissociation enthalpies from the book, lecture slides or le Google, calculate the bond dissociation enthalpy of the O-F bond. The  $\Delta H_{\text{rxn}}$  -318 kJ/mol.



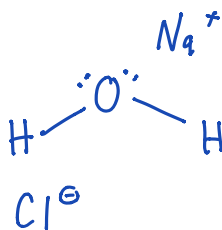
$$\Delta H = \sum \Delta H_{\text{bonds broken}} - \sum \Delta H_{\text{bonds formed}}$$

$$-318 \text{ kJ/mol} = (2(\text{O}-\text{F}) + 2(\text{O}-\text{H})) - ((\text{O}=\text{O}) + 2(\text{H}-\text{F}))$$

$$-318 \text{ kJ/mol} = (2(\text{O}-\text{F}) + 2(463 \text{ kJ/mol})) - ((498 \text{ kJ/mol}) + 2(565 \text{ kJ/mol}))$$

$$384 \text{ kJ/mol} = 2(\text{O}-\text{F}) \Rightarrow \underline{\text{O}-\text{F} = 192 \text{ kJ/mol}}$$

5. Draw a likely spatial orientation of a single water molecule with a single molecule of NaCl.



6. True or False:

- The principal quantum number (n) associated with an f orbital must be  $\geq 4$  **TRUE**
- For an electron to go from a lower energy level to a higher energy level, a photon must be absorbed **TRUE**
- The freezing of water is an endothermic process **FALSE**
- The first ionization energy of Li is less than the second ionization energy of Li **TRUE**
- The electronegativity of H is less than that of Mg **FALSE**
- Cations are always larger than the neutral atom of the same element. **FALSE**

7. Name three atoms or ions that are described by the following electron configuration:

