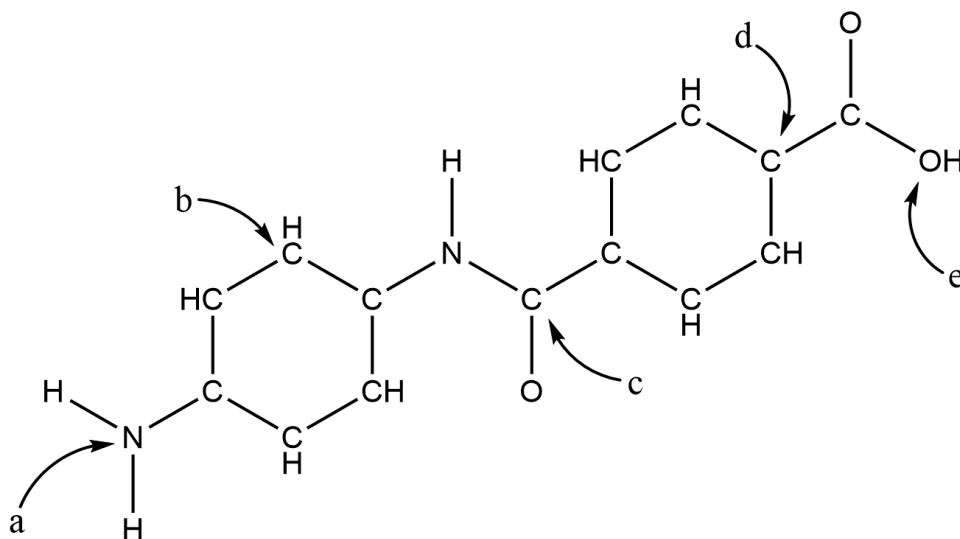


CHEM 103
R&R 15
21 June 2024
Adapted from a 25 June 2021 document

1.



a. Complete the structure above by adding bonds and lone pairs. Every atom will have a complete octet and formal charge of zero. What is the hybridization of the atoms marked (a) through (e)?

a: b: c: d: e:

b. How many σ bonds are in the structure above? How many π bonds?

c. Circle all of the polar bonds.

d. What are the bond angles at atoms (a) through (e)?

a: b: c: d: e:

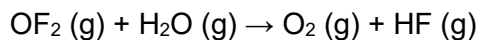
2. Complete the following table:

Number of regions of high e^- density	Electron pair geometry name	Hybridization	Angle btwn electron density regions	Total hybrid orbitals	Number of p orbitals left over
2					
3					
4					

3. Fill out the following table:

Name & Lewis structure	3D Structure	Electron pair geometry name	Molecular geometry name	Hybridization of each central atom	Polarity of molecule
Ammonia					
H_2O_2					
SF_5^-					
BH_2^-					
HCN					

4. Balance the following reaction. Then, using bond dissociation enthalpies from the book, lecture slides, or an online source, calculate the bond dissociation enthalpy of the O-F bond. The $\Delta H_{\text{rxn}} = -318 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$.



5. Draw a likely spatial orientation of a single water molecule with a single molecule of NaCl.

6. True or False:

- a. The principal quantum number (n) associated with an f orbital must be ≥ 4 .
- b. For an electron to go from a lower energy level to a higher energy level, a photon must be absorbed.
- c. The freezing of water is an endothermic process.
- d. The first ionization energy of Li is less than the second ionization energy of Li.
- e. The electronegativity of H is less than that of Mg.
- f. Cation are always larger than the neutral atom of the same element.

7. Name three atoms or ions that are described by the electron configuration: $[\text{Ar}]4s^23d^{10}4p^5$