

1. Use the difference quotient,  $\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$ , to find the average velocity for  $f(x)$ . Be sure to simplify your answers.

(a)  $f(x) = 5x^2$

(b)  $f(x) = x^2 + x$

(c)  $\frac{1}{x}$

2. Using your solutions from Problem 1, determine what the instantaneous velocity given the following.

(a)  $f(x) = 5x^2$  at  $x=10$ .

(b)  $f(x) = x^2 + x$  at  $x=-1$ .

(c)  $\frac{1}{x}$  at  $x=2$ .

3. Now, find the equation of the tangent line for Problem 2(a)–2(c) at the given  $x$  values.

(a) \_\_\_\_\_

(b) \_\_\_\_\_

(c) \_\_\_\_\_

4. Use algebra to evaluate the limits.

(a)  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(2+h)^2 - 4}{h}$

(b)  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(3+h)^2 - (3-h)^2}{2h}$