

1. A concentration of 10-100 ppb ( $1\text{ }\mu\text{g/L}$ ) by mass of  $\text{Ag}^+$  is an effective disinfectant in swimming pools. Above 100 ppb  $\text{Ag}^+$  has negative effects on health. Using  $K_{\text{sp}}$  values, calculate the equilibrium concentration of silver for the following silver salts. Determine the salt that would be the best choice to use in a pool. Circle your choice and show your work.

a.  $\text{AgBr}$

b.  $\text{AgCl}$

c.  $\text{AgI}$

2. Three cations,  $\text{Sr}^{+2}$ ,  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$  and  $\text{Ag}^+$  are separated using two different precipitating reagents. What precipitating reagents could be used? (you may need to use  $K_{\text{sp}}$  values in addition to solubility rules)

3. Calculate the molar solubility of  $\text{AgI}$  in (you will need to look up the  $K_{\text{sp}}$  for  $\text{AgI}$ )

a. Water

b. 0.100 M  $\text{NaI}$